



# Heat Pumps



## Air-water





## **Exhaust air-water**





## **Ground probe-water**





### **Ground water-water**





#### Sea water-water





## Surface collector-water





## **Water-Water Heat Pump Principle**





#### Temperature range:

Water in 30 – out 35°C for heating floor Cond temp 40 - 45 °C Floor heating Water in 40 – out 45°C for fan heating/radiators Cond temp 50 °C for fan heating/radiators

## Low pressure drop, water side – less pump capacity Low pressure drop, refrigerant side Counter flow

Water inlet in the bottom Refrigerant inlet on top

#### **Reversible pumps**

Main objective, heating or cooling (cold-warm climate)? Define how we select and connect the exchanger to the circuit Check how it works for the secondary mode



#### Temperature range:

Water inlet depend on source, outlet 3-8°C Refrigerant evap. temp. -2/+3°C Brine: 0/-3°C Refrigerant evap. temp. ~ -7°C Important is type of brine and concentration in %.

#### Water circuit, use filter if it is an open circuit Counter flow

Refrigerant inlet in the bottom (prevent liquid from leaving evap.) Water inlet on top

#### In reverse system , also check how it works as condenser

# Danfoss

# Heat pump producers

• IVT Industrier AB (Bosch group)



�NIBE

NIBE AB







# **Product examples**





	Names	Country	Heat pump type	
Main Players				
i i ani i iayei s	IVT	SWEDEN	Ground/Water Air/Water	
	NIBE	SWEDEN	Ground/Water Air/Water	
	GDD	GERMANY	Ground/Water	
	SOFATH	FRANCE	Ground/Water	
	THERMIA	SWEDE	Ground/Water Air/Water	
	CIAT	FRANCE	Water/Water	
	AIRWELL	FRANC	Water/Water	
	AERMEC	ITALY	Water/Water	-
	VIESSMANN	GERMANY	Water/Water	
	DAIKIN	JAPAN	Air/Water	
	HITACHI	JAPAN	Air/Water	